

# Safety data sheet

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BASF Safety data sheet

Date / Revised: 03.06.2011

Product: **MASTERKURE 402 GREY**

Version: 1.0

(30433613/SDS\_GEN\_AU/EN)

Date of print 04.06.2011

## 1. Substance/preparation and company identification

### MASTERKURE 402 GREY

Use: Product for construction chemicals

Company:

BASF Australia Limited (ABN 62 008 437 867)

Level 12, 28 Freshwater Place Southbank

Victoria 3006, AUSTRALIA

Telephone: +61 3 8855-6600

Telefax number: +61 3 8855-6511

Emergency information:

BASF Emergency Advice Number: 1800 803 440 (24h) [within Australia]

BASF Emergency Advice Number: + 61 3 8855 6666 [outside Australia]

## 2. Hazard identification

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, DANGEROUS GOOD

Flammable.

May cause cancer.

May cause heritable genetic damage.

Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Keep locked-up and out of reach of children.

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

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### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Chemical nature

##### Hazardous ingredients

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy  
Content (W/W):  $\geq 50\%$  -  $< 75\%$   
CAS Number: 64742-82-1  
Hazard symbol(s): T  
R-phrase(s): 45, 46, 65

solvent naphtha  
Content (W/W):  $\geq 10\%$  -  $< 15\%$   
CAS Number: 64742-95-6  
Hazard symbol(s): T  
R-phrase(s): 45, 46, 65

The wording of the hazard symbols and R-phrases is specified in chapter 16 if dangerous ingredients are mentioned.

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### 4. First-Aid Measures

#### General advice:

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. Remove contaminated clothing.

#### If inhaled:

Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm. If breathing difficulties develop, aid in breathing and seek immediate medical attention.

#### On skin contact:

Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Under no circumstances should organic solvent be used. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

#### On contact with eyes:

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

#### On ingestion:

Rinse mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.

#### Note to physician:

Symptoms: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11.

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

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## 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media:  
dry powder, alcohol-resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons:  
water jet

Specific hazards:  
See MSDS section 7 - Handling and storage.

Special protective equipment:  
Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information:  
The degree of risk is governed by the burning substance and the fire conditions. Containers may rocket or explode in heat of fire. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire. Collect contaminated extinguishing water separately, do not allow to reach sewage or effluent systems. Contaminated extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with official regulations.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions:  
Use personal protective clothing. Avoid prolonged inhalation. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

Environmental precautions:  
Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Methods for cleaning up or taking up:  
For large amounts: Pump off product.  
For residues: Pick up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, earth etc.). Correctly dispose of recovered product immediately.

## 7. Handling and Storage

### Handling

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Provide good room ventilation even at ground level (vapours are heavier than air).

Protection against fire and explosion:  
Sources of ignition should be kept well clear. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Substance/product can form explosive mixture with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may accumulate in low areas and travel a considerable distance up to the source of ignition.

### Storage

Suitable materials for containers: High density polyethylene (HDPE), steel  
Further information on storage conditions: Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.  
Keep away from heat. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

## 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

### Components with workplace control parameters

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, 64742-82-1;  
TWA value 790 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (OEL (AU))

### Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection in case of vapour/aerosol release. Suitable respiratory protection for higher concentrations or long-term effect: Gas filter for gases/vapours of organic compounds (boiling point <65 °C, f.e. EN 14387 Type AX)

#### Hand protection:

Suitable chemical resistant safety gloves (EN 374) also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN 374): E.g. nitrile rubber (0.4 mm), chloroprene rubber (0.5 mm), butyl rubber (0.7 mm) and other  
Manufacturer's directions for use should be observed because of great diversity of types.

#### Eye protection:

Tightly fitting safety goggles (splash goggles) (e.g. EN 166)

#### Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen based on level of activity and exposure., Antistatic apron

#### General safety and hygiene measures:

Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid prolonged and/or repeated contact with the skin. Handle in accordance with good building materials hygiene and safety practice. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. At the end of the shift the skin should be cleaned and skin-care agents applied. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks).

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:	liquid
Odour:	See user defined text.
pH value:	not applicable
Boiling point:	> 155 °C
Flash point:	> 41 °C

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Explosion hazard: explosive under influence of a flame

Fire promoting properties: Oxidizing.

Vapour pressure: 0.3 kPa  
(20 °C)

Density: 0.86 g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
(30 °C)

Bulk density: not applicable

Other Information:

If necessary, information on other physical and chemical parameters is indicated in this section.

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## 10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to avoid:

See MSDS section 7 - Handling and storage.

Thermal decomposition: Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Substances to avoid:

strong oxidizing agents, strong bases, strong acids

Hazardous reactions:

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

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## 11. Toxicological Information

### Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity:

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

### Irritation

Assessment of irritating effects:

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

### Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization:

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

### Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity:

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

### **Genetic toxicity**

Assessment of mutagenicity:

Capable of causing genetic defects. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Assessment of carcinogenicity:

The substance caused cancer in animal studies. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Assessment of reproduction toxicity:

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

### **Developmental toxicity**

Assessment of teratogenicity:

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

### **Other relevant toxicity information**

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

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## **12. Ecological Information**

### **Ecotoxicity**

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

Acutely toxic for aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

### **Mobility**

Assessment transport between environmental compartments:

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

### **Persistence and degradability**

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H<sub>2</sub>O):

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

### Bioaccumulation potential

Assessment bioaccumulation potential:

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

## 13. Disposal Considerations

Observe national and local legal requirements.

The waste code in accordance with the European waste catalog (EWC) must be specified in cooperation with disposal agency/manufacturer/authorities.

Residues should be disposed of in the same manner as the substance/product.

Contaminated packaging:

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible; then it can be passed on for recycling after being thoroughly cleaned.

## 14. Transport Information

### Domestic transport:

Hazard class: 3  
Packing group: III  
ID number: UN 1993  
Hazard label: 3, EHSM  
Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains NAPHTHA/PETROLEUM)

### Further information

Hazchem Code:3Y

IERG Number:14

### Sea transport

IMDG

Hazard class: 3  
Packing group: III  
ID number: UN 1993  
Hazard label: 3, EHSM  
Marine pollutant: YES  
Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains NAPHTHA/PETROLEUM)

### Air transport

IATA/ICAO

Hazard class: 3  
Packing group: III  
ID number: UN 1993  
Hazard label: 3  
Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains NAPHTHA/PETROLEUM)

## 15. Regulatory Information

Poisons Schedule: Not scheduled

### Regulations of the European union (Labelling)

Directive 1999/45/EC ('Preparation Directive'):

Hazard symbol(s)

T Toxic.  
 N Dangerous for the environment.

R-phrases(s)

R10 Flammable.  
 R45 May cause cancer.  
 R46 May cause heritable genetic damage.  
 R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.  
 R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

S-phrases(s)

S1/2 Keep locked-up and out of reach of children.  
 S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).  
 S51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.  
 S53 Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Only for the professional user. Care - avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Hazard determining component(s) for labelling: NAPHTHA/PETROLEUM, SOLVENT NAPHTHA

### Other regulations

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in this safety data sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

### **Registration status:**

AICS, AU released / listed

## 16. Other Information

Full text of hazard symbols and R-phrases if mentioned as hazardous components in chapter 3:

T Toxic.  
 45 May cause cancer.

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46	May cause heritable genetic damage.
65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

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Vertical lines in the left hand margin indicate an amendment from the previous version.

The data contained in this safety data sheet are based on our current knowledge and experience and describe the product only with regard to safety requirements. The data do not describe the product's properties (product specification). Neither should any agreed property nor the suitability of the product for any specific purpose be deduced from the data contained in the safety data sheet. It is the responsibility of the recipient of the product to ensure any proprietary rights and existing laws and legislation are observed.